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About this manual

About this manual

Objectives

AXIS T8504–E is an outdoor PoE switch. The major benefits of this product is its outdoor capabilities and the capability to extend the maximum reach of the network by an additional 100 meters, to a total of 200 meters, between the switch and the powered devices, while providing up to 2x60 W and 2x30 W to its network-powered PoE devices.

This user manual provides information on how to manage AXIS T8504–E through AXIS IPv4/IPv6, VLAN, RADIUS, TACACS+, web interface, SNMP and SHH.

Intended audience

This user manual is intended for network administrators, supervisors and installation technicians with knowledge about:

- Basic concepts and terminology of networking
- · Network topology including VLAN
- · Network protocols
- User authentication protocols including RADIUS and TACACS+

Related documentation

For additional information, see the following documentation:

- Product installation guide
- RFC3621 SNMP MIB and private MIB
- Creating certificate for T8504–E secured web server

Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
8021.Q	Same as VLAN
DES	Data Encryption Standard
DGW	Default Gate Way
DHCPv4	Dynamic IPv4 Host Configuration Protocol
DHCPv6	Dynamic IPv46 Host Configuration Protocol
IPv4	32-bit long IP address
IPv6	128-bit long IP address
MD5	Message digest algorithm
MDI	Media Dependent Interface
MIB	Management Information Base
PoE	Power over Ethernet
RADIUS	Remote Authentication Dial-in User Service
SFP	Fiber interface, small form-factor plug

About this manual

SHA	Message digest algorithm
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
SSH	Secure Shell
SSL	Secure Sockets Layer
SysLog	System Log
TACACS+	Terminal Access Controller Access-Control
TFTP	Trivial File Transfer Protocol
TLS	Transport Layer Security
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network

General information

General information

Features

A number of features are provided through system network management.

- Easy software update during runtime without affecting active PoE ports
- Configuration and real-time monitoring using graphical representation of the remote device
- System status display
- SysLog reporting on PoE events, invalid remote user access, initial DHCPv4/v6 address etc.
- SNMP traps reporting on various PoE events such as PoE powered device insertion or removal

Ethernet switch network capabilities

- Four weather sealed RJ45 Ethernet ports capable of 10 Mbit, 100 Mbit, 1000 Mbit half-duplex and 1000 Mbit full-duplex Ethernet speed
- Single weather sealed SFP Ethernet port
- 8K internal MAC address lookup engine
- VLAN Access, Trunk and Filtered trunk
- Auto MDIX
- 10KB jumbo frames

PoE capabilities

The following PoE options are available:

- Two 4Pair PoE ports which deliver up to 60 W per port
- Two IEEE 802.3at PoE ports which deliver up to 30 W per port
- PoE enable/disable to enable or disable PoE ports power output. Ethernet data is always enabled.
- Remote device reset to reset attached powered device. The device is temporarily powered off and then turned back on.

Supported network protocols

The following network protocols are supported:

- IPv4 32-bit long IP address (static/DHCPv4)
- IPv6 128-bit long IP address (static/DHCPv6)
- VLAN Access, Trunk and Filtered trunk

User access and security

Access options

You can access the unit through different interfaces:

Web interface via a web browser – to view the unit PoE status, network status, unit configuration and unit production information

General information

HTTP is a web-based friendly configuration interface.

HTTPS-TLS is a secured web-based friendly configuration interface.

• SNMP via an SNMP manager application – to monitor the unit over the network (MIB-II RFC1213) and to monitor or configure the unit PoE capabilities (RFC3621)

SNMPv2c for non-secured SNMP management

SNMPv3 for secured and encrypted management

RFC1213 MIB-II for network statistics

RFC3621 for PoE SNMP MIBs

Private MIB extension for RFC3621 PoE MIB

Various infrastructure and network MIBs such as IP-MIB, TCP-MIB, UDP-MIB etc.

• SSH via an SSH client – to view the unit PoE power report, network status, unit configuration and production information; to update software, enable or disable PoE functionality and to ping remote network devices for connectivity tests

Remote user authentication

User access can be managed in the following ways:

- Local Username and password is managed locally by the device
- RADIUS Username and password is authenticated by RADIUS server over the network
- TACACS+ Username and password is authenticated by TACACS+ server over the network

Security

Web HTTP and HTTPS, SNMPv2, SNMPv3 and SSH, used for accessing the unit, offer different levels of security strength. Also RADIUS and TACACS+, used for remote user authentication, offer different security levels.

SNMPv1 and SNMPv2 use community string for Get/Set/Trap authentication. SNMPv1 and SNMPv2 are considered as unsecured protocol since the community string password can easily be intercepted by any network sniffing device.

SNMPv3 resolves SNMPv1/v2 security issues by adding authentication and encryption layer on top of SNMP packets.

Default unit IP, username and password

The unit is shipped with the following factory default usernames and passwords:

Unit default IPv4 address IP = 192.168.0.254

IP = 192.168.0.254 Mask = 255.255.255.0

Web HTTP/HTTPS and SSH

Username = root Password = pass

SNMPv2

GET community string = public SET community string = write Read community = public Write community = write Trap community = public

SNMPv3

Username = admin

General information

Authentication password (MD5) = password Privacy password (DES) = password Authentication and encryption mode = MD5+DES

SNMPv3 notification

Username = trap Authentication password = password Privacy password = password Authentication and encryption mode = None

For information about how to recover username and password, see Recover username and password on page 7.

Recover username and password

Note

The recovery procedure can only be performed from the local LAN and not over Internet or from another IP network. The user should be able to turn off the unit power when needed. All PoE ports must be disconnected and the unit must have only one single active Ethernet link.

Note

You might need to add a Telnet client service to Windows 7 or Windows 8.

Note

The entire recovery procedure from unit power on until the username and password is applied must take less than 120 seconds.

- 1. Disconnect all PoE ports from the unit except for one Ethernet cable. Only one single Ethernet port should be active.
- 2. Turn off the firewall or enable UDP port 514. Then run IPv4 capable SysLog Server on your computer.
- 3. Turn off the unit. Wait 10 seconds, then turn the unit back on.
- 4. A SysLog message appears after approximately 15 seconds. Identify the unit Link-local IPv6 address. A Link-local IPv6 address always starts with FE80.
- 5. Open a command window on your computer.
 - For Windows 7, go to Start and type cmd.
 - For Windows 8, press the WINDOWS key and the R key, then type cmd.
- 6. Type ipconfig to identify the virtual interface index of Link-local IPv6 address. The virtual interface index is indicated by a number after %. Example: fe80::9c39:db8b:62de:7bv4%17
- 7. Prepare the SSH connection by typing Telnet [unit Local-link IPv6 address][%virtual interface number] 2525, but don't press ENTER. Example: Telnet fe80::9c39:db8b:62de:7bv4%17 2525
- 8. Turn off the unit. Wait 10 seconds, then turn the unit back on.
- 9. Wait 30 seconds, then press ENTER to start the Telnet session on TCP port 2525.
- 10. Type axispasswordrecovery as username and axispasswordrecovery as password. A recovery option to restore the entire unit to complete factory default including unit network configuration is presented. Press Y to restore the unit. The unit restarts with default IPv4 192.168.0.254, username root and password pass.

First-time configuration

When configuring the unit for the first time, follow the steps below:

1. Configure your PC Ethernet network interface to the following IPv4 parameters:

General information

PC IPv4 address: 192.168.0.40 PC IPv4 mask: 255.255.255.0

2. Connect your PC Ethernet network interface to any of the unit's Ethernet ports.

3. Open a web browser and type 192.168.0.254 in the address field.

4. Log in with the default username and password. See Default unit IP, username and password on page 6.

5. Configure the unit. It is recommended to change the usernames and passwords to other than the default values.

Unit identification over IP network

To locate the unit over the IP network, the unit sends IPv4 SysLog message #0 in broadcast format 255.255.255.255 upon power-up. Any SysLog server connected over LAN receives this SysLog message. The same SysLog message is also sent to the optional SysLog servers 1 and 2, if they are configured.

The unit sends the message twice. This is to ensure that the SysLog message is received by the SysLog servers, regardless of network configuration. The message is first sent before VLAN configuration is made and later again after VLAN configuration is done.

SysLog message #0 contains all the information which is required to be able to provide access to the unit over the network.

Example: MsgID#000 - System UP. APP:v3.51.06 BOOT:v3.16 RST:Power-On BOOT:0=[APP OK] Host:axis-00055A034B49 MAC:00:05:5a:03:4b:49 VLAN:YES VLAN_MNGR:5 VLAN_UPLINK_PORT:3 VLAN_UPLINK_MODE:TRUNK DHCPv4:No IP1v4:192.168.0.254/24 DHCPv6:No IP1v6:2345::205:5AFF:FE03:4B49/64 IP2v6:FE80::205:5AFF:FE03:4B49/64

Field	Value	Description
MsgID#000 - System UP		SysLog message number
APP:	v3.51.06	Unit application software version
BOOT:	v3.16	Unit boot version, used for software update
RST:	Power-On	Reset reason
BOOT:	0=[APP OK]	
Host:	axis-00055A034B49	axis followed by unit MAC address
MAC:	00:05:5a:03:4b:49	Unit MAC address
VLAN:	YES	VLAN status enabled or disabled
VLAN_UPLINK_PORT:	3	Ethernet port number used for unit management
VLAN_UPLINK_MODE:	TRUNK	Management port is configured as Access or Trunk
DHCPv4:	No	DHCPv4 Yes or No
IP1v4:	192.168.0.254/24	Unit IPv4 address
DHCPv6:	No	DHCPv6 Yes or No
IP1v6:	2345::205:5AFF:FE03:4B49/64	Unit IPv6 address
IP2v6:	FE80::205:5AFF:FE03:4B49/64	Unit link-local IPv6 address

Web interface

Web interface

Web interface menu

Status

Go to **Status** to view the unit status. The page is updated automatically every few seconds.

Note

The Ethernet network link is always enabled, regardless of PoE configuration (enabled or disabled).

Parameter	Description
Ů	Blue symbol — PoE power is provided Gray symbol — No PoE power
	Blue symbol — PoE port is enabled Gray symbol — PoE port is disabled
Link	Blue symbol — Ethernet link is on Gray symbol — No Ethernet link
00	Blue symbol — SFP module is inserted into the uplink port Gray symbol — Uplink port has no SFP module inserted
Network	Reports the Ethernet link speed (10/100/1000 MB) and if the network connection is up or down
Status	Reports the PoE port status, if it is enabled, disabled, delivering power, etc.
Power usage	Reports the actual power consumption and the maximum power it can deliver
PoE reset	Click Reset to turn off the PoE port power and restore the PoE power back on. Note A PoE port which is disabled by SSH or SNMP will be enabled after a PoE reset.
Total power usage	Reports the aggregated power consumed by all PoE ports and the percentage of the consumed power relative to the internal power supply power capabilities.

Basic

Go to Basic to view basic information about the product.

IP address in use – Go to IP address in use to view information about IPv4 and IPv6 addresses, masks, default gateways and Domain Name Servers (DNS).

Product information – Go to **Product information** to view general product information such as product name, serial number, software version and PoE firmware version, and SFP module information such as SFP type, vendor, part number and serial number.

Web interface

Network configuration – Go to Network configuration to enable or disable DHCP, configure IPv4, IPv6 and network hostname. Hostname is used by both IPv4 and IPv6 to register the unit name in DHCPv4/v6 server. Note that IPv6 uses the FQDN terminology as hostname

Network services IPv4/IPv6 - Go to Network services IPv4/IPv6 to configure DNS and SysLog servers.

PoE configuration – Go to **PoE configuration** to configure PoE port power. Four PoE power schemes offer different power distributions between the four PoE ports. All four options comply with the unit maximum power capacities.

- 60 W: Deliver power over four pairs inside the Ethernet cable. Each pair delivers up to 30 W.
- 30 W: Deliver power over two out of four pairs inside the Ethernet cable
- 15.4 W: Deliver power over two out of four pairs inside the Ethernet cable
- -: No PoE power. Ethernet port is enabled and functional, but PoE is disabled.

Security

Security configuration

Go to Security configuration to configure the unit username and password for remote web or SSH access.

Note

Only ASCII characters 33–90 and 94–122 can be used for the username and password fields.

HTTPS

Go to HTTPS to configure whether HTTP or HTTPS (secured web) should be used. When HTTPS is enabled, TLSv1.2 is used to encrypt web network traffic.

Note

To eliminate web browser warning whenever accessing the unit over HTTPS, add an exception rule to the web browser telling the web browser that the website is legitimate or upload a unit self-signed/CA-signed certificate.

RADIUS/TACACS+

RADIUS/TACACS+ enables remote user authentication when user accesses the unit over web or SSH. Username and password are then authenticated by the RADIUS/TACACS+ server.

The advantages with RADIUS/TACACS+ is that username and password are easy to update, especially if many network devices are to be managed.

The disadvantage with RADIUS/TACACS+ is that the unit is not accessible if both RADIUS/TACACS+ servers are down. It is possible to enable Local login fallback which allows the unit to use its local username and password whenever there is no reply from RADIUS/TACACS+ servers.

RADIUS/TACACS+ common parameters

Parameter	Description
Enable authentication	Configure if RADIUS/TACACS+ should be enabled or disabled. When RADIUS/TACACS+ is disabled, local username and password are used.
Enable local login fallback	When local login fallback is enabled, local username and password are used whenever there is no reply from RADIUS/TACACS+ servers. This can happen when the servers are down or in case of a network problem.
Authentication protocol	Select either RADIUS or TACACS+ authentication protocol.
Shared secret	The same private key string must be configured on both the unit and the RADIUS/TACACS+ server.

Web interface

Primary server IP address	Configure the primary IPv4, IPv6 or hostname to be used to access the main RADIUS/TACACS+ server.
Secondary server IP address	Configure the secondary IPv4, IPv6 or hostname to be used to access the main RADIUS/TACACS+ server.
Timout (Sec)	Configure the time for a reply timeout.

RADIUS extra parameters

Parameter	Description
Authentication UDP port	Configure the UDP port used by the RADIUS server.

TACACS+ extra parameters

Parameter	Description
Authentication TCP port	Configure the TCP port used by the TACACS+ server.

Note

Software version 3.51.06 only supports accessing RADIUS/TACACS+ servers over IPv4, either with an IPv4 address or a hostname to be resolved by DNS server.

Test RADIUS/TACACS+

Go to Test RADIUS/TACACS+ to verify the RADIUS/TACACS+ configuration before activating it.

Note

During testing, the Enable authentication should be disabled.

- 1. Configure all RADIUS/TACACS+ parameters, leaving the **Enable authentication** disabled.
- 2. Save the configuration. If not, the parameters will be restored to saved values after each test, erasing any unsaved value.
- 3. Type the username and password.
- 4. Click Test configuration. A waiting message will appear, followed by either OK or FAIL.
- 5. If needed, change and save the configuration and test again.
- 6. When the test result is OK, set **Enable authentication** to enabled. Save the configuration, which activates the RADIUS/TACACS+ configuration.

VLAN configuration

VLAN configuration sanity check is done upon unit power-up and when a VLAN configuration change is requested over the web. The sanity check is to make sure that the unit remains manageable over the network after VLAN configuration is applied. In case the new VLAN configuration may cause the unit to become unmanageable, an error message appears on the webpage for requests over the web. When a problem is detected upon power-up, the unit configuration will be restored to factory default.

VLAN enable & management port

Parameter	Description
Enable VLAN	Enable or disable VLAN functionality.

Web interface

Management uplink port	This parameter has no effect on actual VLAN traffic. The management uplink port assists the unit to evaluate if the new VLAN configuration might block the unit from being managed over VLAN from this port. If a possible conflict is detected, an error message appears and the new VLAN configuration is rejected.
Management VLAN ID	Configure which VLAN ID to be used when managing the unit whenever VLAN is enabled.

VLAN ports configuration

Parameter	Description
VLAN mode	Set VLAN mode to Access or Trunk for each of the Ethernet ports. Access — VLAN is used only inside the unit to split or limit packet access to specific ports only. Any incoming VLAN tagged packets received by VLAN access port is discarded. VLAN tagging is added to the unit packet for VLAN Access incoming packets. Unit internal VLAN tagging is stripped out for VLAN Access outgoing packets. Trunk — All Ethernet packets are VLAN tagged. Any untagged VLAN packets received by VLAN trunk port is discarded.
Access mode VLAN ID	Configure the VLAN ID to be used whenever the port is configured as Access. The unit internal management port acts as access only. It can only be reached from a single management VLAN ID.
TRUNK – Filter unknown VLAN	Configure the VLAN Trunk port as filtered or unfiltered. Enabled — Only data flow from some VLAN IDs, specified in the Trunk VLANs list, passes through VLAN Trunk port. All other VLAN tagged traffic is discarded. Disabled — Data flow from all VLAN IDs passes through VLAN Trunk port.
TRUNK VLANs	List the VLAN IDs that may pass through VLAN Trunk port whenever TRUNK – Filter unknown VLAN is enabled.

SNMP configuration

Go to SNMP configuration to configure parameters applicable to SNMPv2c and SNMPv3.

SNMPv2c

Parameter	Description	
Enable SNMPv2c	Enable or disable SNMPv2c support.	
Read community	Configure the SNMPv2c GET community string. Example: public.	
Write community	Configure the SNMPv2c SET community string. Example: private.	
Trap community	Configure the SNMPv2c Trap community string. Example: public.	

System information (MIB-II, v2c/v3)

Parameter	Description	
System contact	Configure the SNMP MIB-II system contact OiD string. Example: John.	
System name	Configure the SNMP MIB-II system name. Example: My Unit.	
System location	Configure the SNMP MIB-II system location. Example: University.	

PoE MIB (RFC3621, v2c/v3)

Web interface

Parameter	Description	
Enable notification	Enable or disable the following PoE trap reports:	
	 PoE power was provided/removed from powered device Unit total power consumption exceeds xy% out of max unit power Unit total power consumption was restored to less than xy% out of max unit power 	
Notify exceeded power usage (1–99%)	If enabled, user is notified whenever unit total power consumption (xy%) percentage out of unit max power exceeds or drops below specified value.	

SNMPv3

Parameter	Description	
Enable SNMPv3	Enable or disable SNMPv3 support.	
User name	Configure SNMPv3 username string.	
Authentication password	Configure SNMPv3 password to be used by MD5/SHA.	
Privacy password	Configure SNMPv3 password to be used by DES/AES.	
Authentication and encryption mode	Configure the SNMPv3 authentication and encryption mode. None — no authentication or encryption, which means no security. MD5 — MD5 authentication with no encryption. Packet can be changed, by can easily be analyzed by network sniffers. SHA — SHA authentication with no encryption. MD5+DES — MD5 authentication and DES encryption SHA+DES — SHA authentication and DES encryption MD5+AES — MD5 authentication and AES encryption SHA+AES — SHA athentication and AES encryption	

SNMPv3 notification (Trap)

Parameter	Description	
User name	Configure SNMPv3 notification username string.	
Authentication password	Configure SNMPv3 notification password to be used by MD5/SHA.	
Privacy password	Configure SNMPv3 notification password to be used by DES/AES.	
Authentication and encryption mode	Configure the SNMPv3 notification authentication and encryption mode. None — no authentication or encryption, which means no security. MD5 — MD5 authentication with no encryption. Packet can be changed, by can easily be analyzed by network sniffers. SHA — SHA authentication with no encryption. MD5+DES — MD5 authentication and DES encryption SHA+DES — SHA authentication and DES encryption MD5+AES — MD5 authentication and AES encryption SHA+AES — SHA athentication and AES encryption	

Remote IPv4/IPv6 SNMP trap managers (v2c/v3)

Parameter	Description
Trap manager #1	Configure the first IPv4/IPv6/DNS name of remote SNMP manager server receiving unit trap reports such as Cold-Start, etc.
Trap manager #2	Configure the second IPv4/IPv6/DNS name of remote SNMP manager server receiving unit trap reports such as Cold-Start, etc.

Web interface

Maintenance

Reset - There are four different reset options:

- Do a safe restart without losing PoE power resets the internal network manager and the internal Ethernet switch (network will be down for a few seconds), leaving the PoE power unchanged. Powered devices continue normal operations as if no reset is done.
- Do a safe restart resets the internal network manager, internal PoE controller and internal Ethernet switch.
- Restore the factory values but keep the IP settings resets unit configuration to factory default, leaving IPv4/IPv6
 network configuration unchanged. VLAN and RADIUS/TACACS+ is disabled. The option to access the unit over the
 network as before is maintained.
- Restore all factory values restores the unit to full default factory setting. Unit IP is set to 192.168.0.254 and VLAN is disabled.

Firmware upgrade – A firmware upgrade upgrades only the internal network manager. PoE firmware is unchanged. The upgrade can take up to 10 minutes. During this time network switching functionality remains uninterrupted, but the unit is unmanageable. PoE functionality remains active, but network traffic may be interrupted for several seconds.

Product configuration – Go to **Product configuration** to download or upload a product configuration file. This functionality can be used to backup unit configuration, modify unit configuration offline or to create a master configuration file to easily configure several units.

SSH serial interface

SSH serial interface

The SSH interface is designed for various maintenance tasks such as PoE firmware update etc. It is designed to provide an easy and convenient interface for IT managers who are familiar with SSH. To simplify SSH usage, the SSH interface is menu-driven.

SSH is password protected and shares the same username and password as for web access.

SSH supports RADIUS and TACACS+ username and password authentication.

Note

Only one remote user at a time can access the unit over SSH. In case a second remote SSH user tries to access the unit while the first SSH user is still active, a message is shown to the second SSH user, requesting the user to try and reconnect over SSH later.

Note

Non-active SSH sessions (no keystrokes by the remote user) are terminated automatically after three minutes.

Main menu

```
Main menu - [axis-000555aaa123]

1. View menu
2. Configuration and maintenance menu
3. Ping remote host

E. Exit to debug information screen
```

To easily identify the accessed unit, the unit hostname string is shown to the right of the Main menu title. This is especially useful when the user has multiple units.

View menu

View menu provides information on PoE ports status, network parameters and unit information.

Menu item	Description	
1. View PoE ports status	Go to this menu item to get the following information:	
	 Network — Information about Ethernet link speed (10/100/1000) and HD/FD connection type PoE — Information about power consumption for each connected device Total power — Information about total power consumption of all powered devices connected to all active PoE ports. Also shows maximum available power. Power supply — Information about internal power supply voltage for the unit 	

SSH serial interface

2. View network parameters	Go to this menu item to get the following information:
	 In-use IPv4 network parameters — Shows if DHCPv4 is enabled or disabled. Also shows the in-use IPv4 address, IPv4 mask and IPv4 default gateway. In-use IPv6 network parameters — Shows if DHCPv6 is enabled or disabled. Also shows the in-use IPv6 address, IPv6 prefix and IPv6 default gateway. IPv6 can report several IPv6 addresses which were obtained automatically in addition to a static/DHCPv6 IPv6 address. In-use DNS network parameters — Information about in-use IPv4/IPv6 domain name server IPs, which are configured statically or obtained by DHCPv4/DHCPv6. More network parameters — Information about the unit MAC address
3. View unit information	Go to this menu item to get a summary of unit production parameters: Part number — Information about unit marketing part number (T8504–E) S/N — Information about unit six-digit serial number Product number — Information about unit production number (for internal use only) App ver — Information about network manager software version Boot ver — Information about network manager boot version Firmware — PoE firmware version System up time — Information about the time passed since the unit was reset or powered up System GMT time — Information about unit GMT time as it was obtained from an NTP server. Whenever the unit is unable to obtain NTP time from an NTP server, the message "incorrect" is shown. System local time — Information about unit local time (GMT plus time zone shift). Whenever the unit is unable to obtain NTP time from an NTP server, the message "incorrect" is shown.

Configuration and maintenance menu

Go to Configuration and maintenance menu to configure or reset the unit or to update software.

Menu item	Description	
1. Enable/Disable PoE port	Enable or disable a PoE port. Ethernet link remains enabled even when no power is provided.	
2. Download WEB SSL certificate from TFTP server (reset only web server)	Download self-signed or CA signed certificates from a TFTP server, to allow secure web browsing to the unit with security confirmation by the web browser (green lock in the web browser URL area)	
3. Update unit PoE firmware (reset unit)	Update PoE firmware. Update files are downloaded from a TFTP server. PoE functionality not available during the firmware update (approximately 5–10 minutes).	
Restore unit to semi factory default (excluding IP configuration)	Restore the unit configuration to factory default, but leaves the IPv4/IPv6 network configuration unchanged. This maintains the option to access the unit over the network as before.	
5. Restore unit to full factory default	Restore the entire unit to full factory default.	
6. Reset only network manager	Reset only the internal network manager, which is responsible for unit network management interfaces such as the web, SSH, SNMP, etc. Internal Ethernet switch is als reset; the network will be down for a few seconds. Only PoE power is unchanged. Powere devices continue normal operation as if no reset was done.	

SSH serial interface

7. Reset unit	Reset the entire unit including the internal network manager, PoE controller and internal Ethernet switch.	
8. Enable/Disable auto ping default gateway to ensure network connectivity	Enable or disable auto ping to default gateway. When enabled, the unit verifies proper network connectivity by pinging default gateway every 12 seconds (IPv4 DGW or IPv6 DGW). After 10 consecutive ping failures, network management module resets itself without affecting PoE ports.	

Ping remote host

Go to Ping remote host to test network connectivity issues.

SNMP monitoring and configuration

SNMP monitoring and configuration

Multiple units can be monitored and managed by using third-party standard network management tools such as HP Openview, IBM Tivoli, SNMPc etc.

Enable SNMP

The network manager interface supports SNMPv1, SNMPv2 and SNMPv3. The unit accepts and replies to SNMPv1 packets, but since SNMPv1 is obsolete, SNMP traps and notifications are sent in SNMPv2, SNMPv3 or both.

Note

Due to security reasons, the unit is shipped with SNMPv2 and SNMPv3 disabled. Prior to enabling SNMP, it is highly recommended to modify SNMP community strings before enabling it.

To enable SNMP:

- Go to Security > SNMMP configuration and enable SNMPv2 or SNMPv3.
- Make sure that SNMPv2 community strings match your SNMP manager configuration.
- Make sure SNMPv3 username, authentication password, privacy password and encryption methods match your SNMP manager configuration.

To enable traps:

- Go to Remote IPv4/IPv6 SNMP trap managers and configure the remote manager IP address.
- Make sure SNMPv3 notification username, authentication password, privacy password and encryption methods match your SNMP trap manager configuration.
- Go to PoE MIB and enable PoE notifications to get notifications about changes in PoE port status, unit power consumption exceeds or falls below a certain level etc.

SNMP MIBs

Several MIBs are supported by the SNMP manager.

Network MIBs – Various network MIBs, such as RFC1213 MIB-II, can be used for providing network statistics. Note that these MIBs are not intended to be used for network configuration over SNMP.

RFC3621 - Power over Ethernet (PoE) MIB which provides various PoE capabilities. See RFC3621 PoE MIB on page 18.

Private MIB - Enhances PoE functionality beyond RFC3621 PoE MIB. See Private MIB on page 19.

RFC3621 PoE MIB

RFC3621 PoE MIB is located under the 1.3.6.1.2.1.105 SNMP MIB tree. The MIB is divided into three sections.

Port parameters – The first section handles PoE ports and provides functionality such as enable and disable ports, read port status, class, etc. Each OiD is accessed as a two-dimensional array table.

Main PSE parameters – The second section handles the power source that provides power to a group of PoE ports. It enables reading the total power consumption, power supply status, etc.

PoE traps - The third section enables and disables PoE traps to be sent to remote SNMP managers.

SNMP monitoring and configuration

Private MIB

The following SNMP OiDs are supported by the SNMP private MIB:

OiD name	Type (R/W)	Description	
poePortConsumptionPower	R	PoE port power consumption [Watt]	
poePortMaxPower	R	PoE port maximum available power [Watt]	
poePortType	R	PoE port type — two pair, 30 [Watt], four pair, 60 [Watt]	
mainVoltage	R	Unit power supply voltage [Volt]	

SysLog Message

SysLog Message

The unit sends various event reports to an external IPv4/IPv6 host running a SysLog daemon application. The IPv4/IPv6 host logs the events for future use. Configure SysLog server IP address by browsing to the unit configuration web page if SysLog events are to be sent.

There are three categories of log events:

Broadcast IPv4 SysLog events – These log events are to be intercepted by **any** SysLog server on the LAN **regardless of unit SysLog configuration**. This facilitates locating of unit IP on the network and reporting of major events such as unit recovery from power failure, etc.

RFC3621 PoE traps – RFC3621 PoE traps are also sent as SysLog messages, which simplifies the readability of such events for the remote user.

Proprietary SysLog events – These log events include potential failures or potential security breaches as when a remote user tries to access with incorrect username over web/SSH, etc.

SysLog message types

Message ID	Description	Information provided	Comments
0	System UP is sent when power is provided to the unit or the internal network manager resets itself.	 Application version Boot version Reset cause Boot status Unit hostname Unit MAC address VLAN (Yes/No) If yes, VLAN ID is also provided. VLAN ID is used to manage the unit. Which port and if the port is configured as Access or Trunk. IPv4 address (static/HDCPv4) All IPv6 address (static/DHCPv6) 	Message is sent in broadcast format 255.255.255.255 to any SysLog server connected over LAN and to SysLog server 1 and 2.
1	PoE port status changed is sent when PoE port status is changed, such as when a device is inserted or removed.	New PoE state as defined in RFC3621 (searching, delivering power, fault, etc.)	RFC3621 SNMP PoE MIB, trap equivalent SysLog report
2	PoE power usage exceeds xy% out of power supply maximum power is sent when the PoE power usage exceeds the set value.	Power usage in percent out of power supply maximum power	RFC3621 SNMP PoE MIB, trap equivalent SysLog report
3	PoE power usage is less than xy% out of power suply maximum power is sent when the PoE power usage goes below the set value.	Power usage in percent out of power supply maximum power	RFC3621 SNMP PoE MIB, trap equivalent SysLog report
6	Default configuration is sent when unit is restored to default configuration		SysLog server IP is unchanged when the unit is restored to default configuration.

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7	Unit configuration changed is sent when the unit configuration is changed.		
9	PoE controller reset is sent when PoE controller reset occurs.		
10	PoE controller has no firmware is sent when PoE controller firmware is erased or is corrupted.		
11	Invalid SSH is sent when a remote user tries to access the unit by SSH with incorrect username or password.	Remote user IPv4/IPv6 address	
12	DHCPv4 is sent only the first time DHCPv4 address is obtained either by switching from static to DHCPv4 or on power-up.	Unit hostnameUnit MAC addressDHCPv4 address	Message is sent in broadcast format 255.255.255.255 to any SysLog server connected over LAN and to SysLog server 1 and 2.
13	DHCPv6 is sent only the first time DHCPv6 address is obtained either by switching from static to DHCPv6 or on power-up.	Unit hostnameUnit MAC addressDHCPv6 address	Message is sent in broadcast format 255.255.255.255 to any SysLog server connected over LAN and to SysLog server 1 and 2.
14	Invalid VLAN configuration is sent when the unit upon power-up detects that current VLAN configurations prevent the unit from being managed over the network. This is possibly due to a faulty new configuration file being uploaded to the unit. The unit restores itself to semi factory default, turns off VLAN and restores most of its configuration parameters to factory default, leaving the unit's network IP parameters unchanged. Then the unit restarts.		Message is sent in broadcast format 255.255.255.255 to any SysLog server connected over LAN and to SysLog server 1 and 2.

Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting

The following troubleshooting table guides you through the most common problems. If you cannot find the information you are looking for, contact your local dealer for further assistance.

Problem	Corrective steps	
Pinging the unit IP address fails.	 Verify that your PC and unit share the same IP network. Launch SysLog server. Turn off the unit and then turn it back on. Wait for the SysLog message #0 to appear, reporting the unit IP address. 	
Unit can be pinged from a local host, but when trying to use the unit's ping utility there is no response.	 Turn off the host firewall. If ping is okay, go to the advanced firewall options and enable the ping option, TFTP (UDP port 69) and SNMP trap ports (UDP port 162). 	
Software cannot be updated via TFTP.	 Use the unit ping utility to ping the host running the TFTP server application. Turn off the firewall or enable UDP port 69. Verify that the appropriate update file package was copied to the root folder of the TFTP server. 	
Log on to the unit by SSH works, but SSH session terminates after a while.	SSH session terminates after three minutes if no key is pressed and no activity takes place.	
No SNMP trap events are received.	 View the unit configuration using a web browser. Verify that SNMP is selected. Verify that the remote SNMP manager IP matches. Verify that the trap community string matches the remote SNMP manager trap configuration. Turn off the firewall on the SNMP manager station or allow UDP port 162 to pass through it. 	
SysLog server IP is properly set, but log messages are not received.	Turn off the host firewall or allow UDP port 514 to pass through it.	
Logging in to the unit does not work since RADIUS/TACACS+ was enabled.	 Follow instructions in Recover username and password on page 7. Configure all settings that include RADIUS/TACACS+ values, leaving Enable Authentication disabled. Use the feature "Test username and password" on the RADIUS/TACACS+ webpage to verify that a remote user can log in to the unit. Set Enable Authentication to enabled. 	
PoE SNMP traps are not sent.	 Enable RFC3621 notification on the SNMP configuration webpage. Configure SNMP trap manager IP. EnableSNMPv2 or SNMPv3. 	

Support

Should you require any technical assistance, please contact your Axis reseller. If your questions cannot be answered immediately, your reseller will forward your queries through the appropriate channels to ensure a rapid response. If you are connected to the Internet, you can:

- visit axiscompanion.com/manuals for a complete set of product specific user manuals and system installation guides
- download user documentation and software updates
- find answers to resolved problems in the FAQ database, search by product, category, or phrase
- report problems to Axis support staff by logging in to your private support area
- chat with Axis support staff

Troubleshooting

• visit Axis Support at axis.com/support

Should you require any technical assistance, please contact appropriate channels according to your AVHS license agreement to ensure a rapid response.

Should you require any technical assistance, please contact ADP Helpdesk to ensure a rapid response.

Learn more!

Visit Axis learning center axis.com/academy for useful trainings, webinars, tutorials and guides.

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